



PlantGen2021  
6th International scientific conference

Novosibirsk  
2021

# Evolution of MLO-like proteins in flowering plants

Pozharskiy A.S.<sup>1,2\*</sup>,  
Gritsenko D.A.<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Institute of Plant Biology and Biotechnology,  
Almaty, Kazakhstan

<sup>2</sup> Al-Farabi Kazakh National University,  
Almaty, Kazakhstan

*[\\*aspozharsky@gmail.com](mailto:aspozharsky@gmail.com)*

## Background

- MLO-like proteins (MLP) are known to present in all land plants
- Some particular MLP confer susceptibility to mildew-like fungi in various plant species
- Thus, MLP are of interest for the breeding of resistant plants
- Phylogeny of MLP remains understudied in global systematic scale

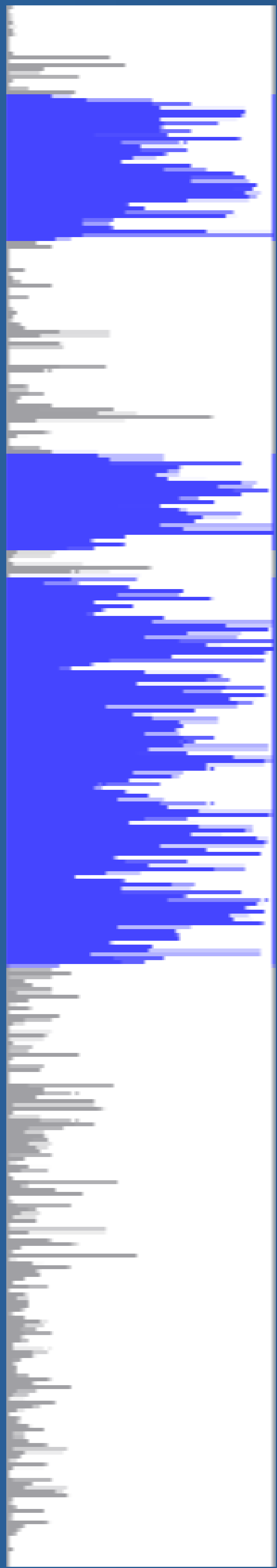
## Aims

- Reveal high level phylogenetic groups (clades) of MLP in the wide selection of flowering plants
- Find characteristic protein motifs for these groups

## Methods

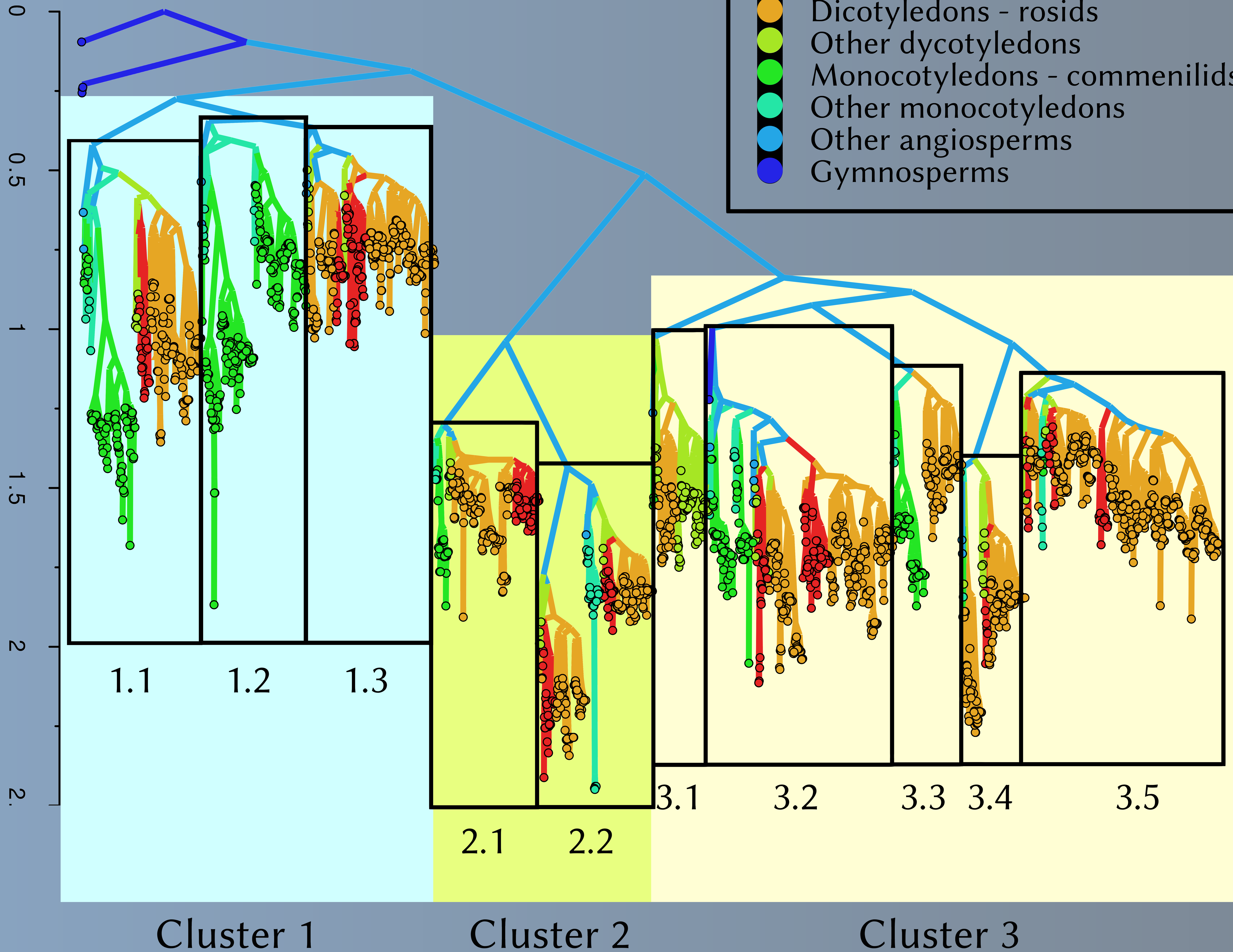
- **Data acquisition:** UniProt database (<https://www.uniprot.org/>)
  - Query: “MLO” [ID] AND “Viridiplantae” [OC]
- **Data filtering:**
  - Sequence length between 20<sup>th</sup> and 80<sup>th</sup> percentiles and no partial sequences
  - Only angiosperms + gymnosperms as an outgroup
  - Preliminary clustering with CD-HIT: only proteins with 9 and more similar sequences (50% threshold) selected
- **Phylogeny:** MSA with MAFFT, ML tree with FASTTREE, FigTree, MEGA X
- **Motif search:** MEME
- **General software:** R

MSA regions  
used for  
building ML  
tree



# MLP - ML tree

- Dicotyledons - asterids
- Dicotyledons - rosids
- Other dycotyledons
- Monocotyledons - commenilids
- Other monocotyledons
- Other angiosperms
- Gymnosperms



# Characteristic motifs in clusters

## Frequencies by clusters

Cluster 1

Cluster 2

Cluster 3

1.1 1.2 1.3 2.1 2.2 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5

0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.96 0.96 0.98 0.98

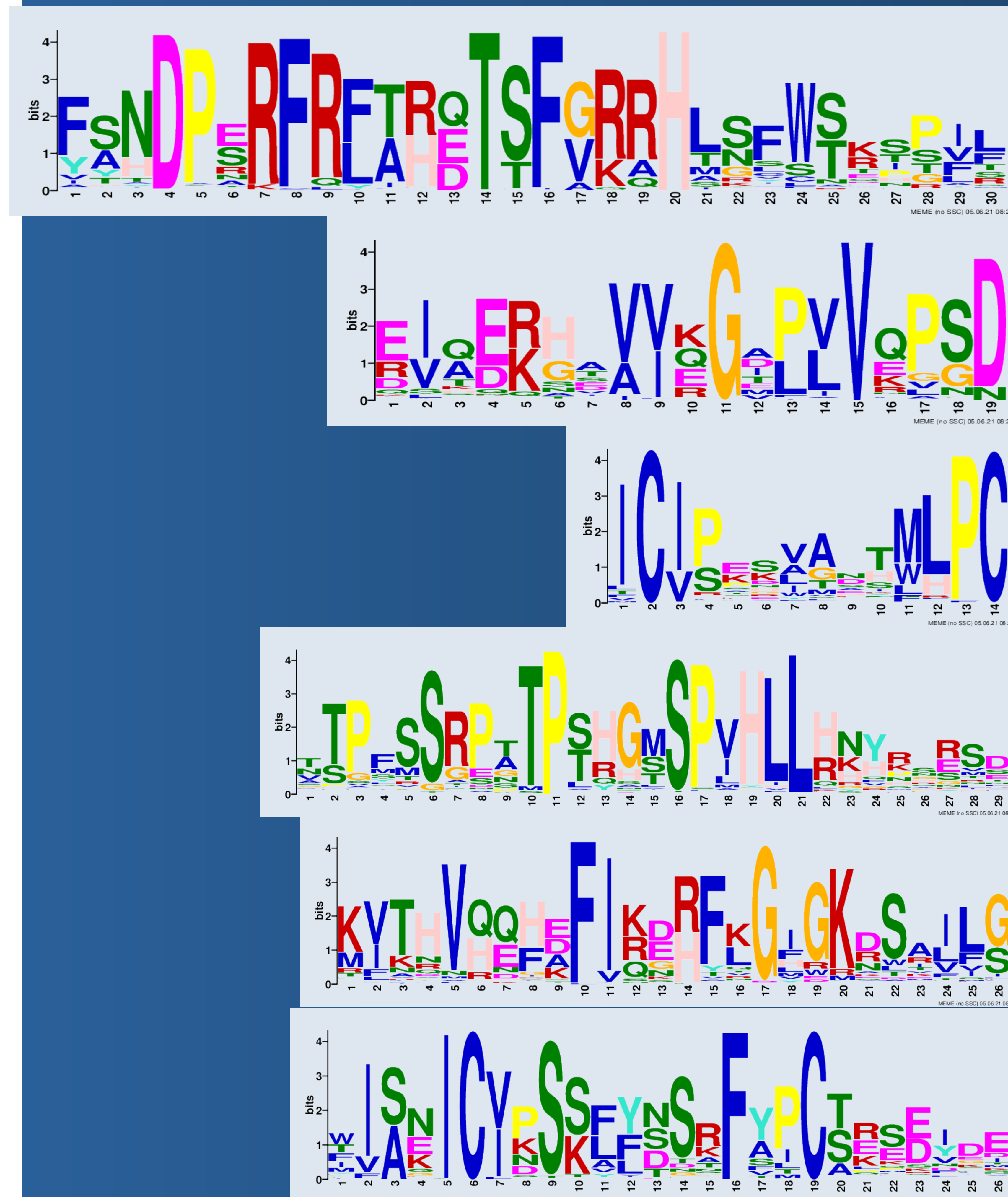
0.05 0.87 0.96 0.00 0.00 0.99 0.97 0.96 0.97 0.99

0.95 0.96 0.95 0.08 0.00 0.99 0.95 0.93 0.96 0.97

0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.86 0.00 0.94

0.24 0.97 0.95 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

0.00 0.00 0.00 0.96 0.95 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00



# Characteristic motifs in clusters (continue)

## Frequencies by clusters



Cluster 1			Cluster 2		Cluster 3				
1.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.97	0.92	0.59	0.61
0.15	0.00	0.04	0.98	0.99	0.01	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00

# Cluster specific amino acid changes in transmembrane domains (TD 3, 4, 6)



• 1.1 Cluster 1

• 1.2

• 1.3

• 2.1 Cluster 2

• 2.2

• 3.1 Cluster 3

• 3.2

• 3.3

• 3.4

• 3.5

## Conclusions

- Orthologs of *MLO*-like protein in flowering plants had diverged before and on the early stages of angiosperm evolution
- Some groups of *MLP* proteins share common motifs across angiosperm species, which can be used for identification of groups of homologs
- Seven *MLO* transmembrane domains form a conservative core of the protein, yet some domain (3, 4, 6) contain cluster specific amino acid changes with potentially significant functional effect